

12 PAGES

**WHO WON THE PRIZE**  
**WHEN A MAN WINS A RACE** he expects to GET  
 THE STAKES, and to pocket the MONEY he has WON  
 IN BETS, so likewise  
**PRIZE WINNERS AT SHOWS.**

whether HORTICULTURAL, PASTORAL, or AGRICULTURAL, expect JUSTICE at the PRIZES, not only of those who have the ADVANTAGE of HANDS, but also from their FELLOW COMPETITORS.

Generally, in THIS RESPECT, we have very LITTLE to COMPLAIN of, for as a rule our contemporaries are LITTLE and BIG, tacitly acknowledge our SUPERIORITY, and DO NOT ATTEMPT to GRASP PRIZES which do not belong to them, or to CLAIM DISTINCTIONS they HAVE NO RIGHT to.

At the recent  
**AGRICULTURAL SHOW**  
HELD AT EASTER TIME,

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS  
were awarded  
A CERTIFICATE OF MERIT  
FOR THEIR

**EXHIBIT OF CARPETS.**  
This was the ONLY CERTIFICATE OF MERIT  
ISSUED on the OCCASION mentioned, and it ran as fol-  
lows:—

1872.

**ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY  
OF NEW SOUTH WALES.**

**SPECIAL PRIZE.**  
**CERTIFICATE OF MERIT,**

**AWARDED**

**MESSRS. ANTHONY HORDERN  
AND SONS,  
HAYMARKET.**

FOR EXCELLENT EXHIBIT OF  
CARPETS.  
(Signed) JOHN EEE, President.  
  
F. WEBSTER, Secretary.

DEPARTMENT, EXHIBITION BUILDING.

—

ANTHONY HORDERN'S  
SHOW OF CARPETS  
AT  
THE EXHIBITION BUILDING

UNPARALLELED IN EXTENT AND BEAUTY. IT  
IS ONE OF THE THINGS THAT IMPELS THOUSANDS TO  
BRIDGE UP TO THE DREARY STRUCTURE IN PRINCE

ALPHET PARK, because by so doing a LARGE CHANCE is available, and LOWER PRICES SECURED.

If there is a LITTLE TRAVELLING to be done, the TRAVELLER gets amply REWARDED at the end of the journey—a pick from the

**MOST MAGNIFICENT STOCK  
OF CARPETS IN AUSTRALIA,  
and a  
GOOD MOUND SAVING  
IN HARD CASH.**

—  
HIGH-CLASS CARPETS  
OF  
BRITISH MANUFACTURE.  
—  
TEMPLETON'S AXMINSTER CARPETS,  
WOVEN IN ONE PIECE, NO SEAM, and WITHOUT

The EXCELLENCE of these CARPETS, both from the POINT OF VIEW OF MERIT and from that of ECONOMY, is demonstrated by the following list of PRICES. These are FOR BELOW those of SIMILAR GOODS OF FOREIGN MANUFACTURE.

Sizes	9 x 7	9 x 6	8 x 9	9 x 10	9 x 12	12 x 10 1/2 feet
	£3.17/4	£3/3	£4.12/6	£5.7/6	6s	£7
Sizes	12 x 19	13 1/2 x 10 1/2	13 1/2 x 12	15 x 12	16 1/2 x 13 1/2 feet	

AXMINSTER CARPETS, SOLD BY THE YARD, with BORDERS TO MATCH, can be made to SUIT ANY ROOM. There is a vast ARMY OF DESIGNS and colourings to select from.

SPECIAL QUALITY AXMINSTER, 3s 6d per yard.

**CARPET SQUARES.**  
DURING THE WINTER MONTHS we always have a  
RUN ON CARPET SQUARES, and chiefly to SPREAD  
OVER LINOLEUM in DINING-ROOMS and BED-  
ROOMS, and to meet this demand we had THE FOL-  
LOWING EXACTLY FILLS THE BILL:—

**BRUSSELS SQUARES.**

These Carpets are made up in widths, the border being woven instead of sewn. By this system there is no waste in making up.

Size	9 x 9	9 x 10½	9 x 12	11½ x 12	11½ x 13½	feet
	55/	65/	72 6	92 6	100/	

	$11\frac{1}{2} \times 15$ feet.				
	115.				
<b>TAPESTRY SQUARES.</b>					
Since	$7\frac{1}{2} \times 10$	$9 \times 9$	$9 \times 10$	$9 \times 10\frac{1}{2}$	$9 \times 12$ feet
No. 1 smaller	24.00	20.00	21.75		

No. 1	—	32/	—	45 1/2	40/
Size	12 x 10	12 x 10 1/2	12 x 12	14 x 12	15 x 18 1/2
No. 1 quality	43/	—	54 1/2	60/	70/
No. 2	—	60/	—	—	—

ANTHONY HORDEEN AND SONS,  
ONLY UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS,  
HAYMARKET  
AND EXHIBITION BUILDING.

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**SAVE YOUR TEETH.**

**"CATAPHORESIS."**

By this wonderful Dental invention Teeth can be FILLED entirely without pain, even if the nerve is exposed.

A letter from the Lieutenant-Governor of Canada

To save the possibility of any misunderstanding, the exact Fee can always be ascertained before any work is undertaken.

**Mr. CHARLES I. HARRIN, Dentist,**  
ST. JAMES' CHAMBERS,  
KING-STREET, SYDNEY,  
opposite the Queen's Station.  
Telephone, 1492.

**SYDNET'S WATER SUPPLY.**  
It would be a terrible calamity should the above fail, and  
sent to that  
**WILLIAM WHITE'S BREAD**  
is the most important article of

Provision - Boston, and Newtown. 24th, 1874 and 1875.

ola news-page133











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## THE FATAL FIRE AT MANLY

### INQUEST ON THE VICTIM

The Deputy Coroner (Dr. R. H. Todd) conducted an inquest at the Coroner's Court yesterday regarding the death of Mrs. Martha Jamieson, who was burned to death during a fire which occurred at her residence, Osborne-street, Manly, at an early hour this morning.

Dr. Sydney Jamieson, who made an examination of the body, said he found that the greater portion of the lower limbs were completely charred, as well as a large portion of the left side of the trunk. The right arm was also charred, and the head resting on the bend resting on the right arm. The attire consisted of a black dress, and a black shawl.

that frequently assumed by people when in the act of sleeping. Most of the internal organs were in characteristic positions, and the position of the feet was out of the question. The attitude of the body suggested that the woman had first been asphyxiated and subsequently burned.

Dr. Fulton, who was employed in the Public Instruction Branch, identified the body as that of Martha Fulton. She was 65 years of age. She had some disease of the legs, which sometimes prevented her from walking.

Mr. Price said that the deceased had resided with her at Osborne street. Mainly, as a bonder for the past four or five months. About 3.30 p.m. on Monday, she was found lying on the floor, apparently dead, on her back and water. She appeared to be in a glass

health and was in good spirits. There was a light candle about one-third burnt, on a chair close to the bed. The witness saw the candle and the deceased lying next to her room. The children slept in the next room to deceased. Mrs. Fulton usually slept with her door locked. About a little while the witness awoke and she broke her door open and saw the deceased lying on the floor. She got up and took her little boy into the room and found afterwards getting her little girl out. Witness went for help and tried to burst in Mrs. Fulton's door, but she would not open. The witness saw the room and saw that there was not in any of the other rooms. She did not see the deceased again, and did not hear her make any noise.

Elizabeth Price, daughter of the previous witness, was called and she was awakened by hearing the fire alarm, and

Mr. William Siv, a labourer living at Osborn-road, said that he was a member of the Manly Fire Brigade. He went to bed about 8.30 p.m., but did not go to sleep. He was awakened by a noise shortly afterwards, and it seemed as if he had been kicked. He used. A little later he heard Mrs. Falcon raise her voice, and after that he heard a little girl come out of her room, Frazee's house, and say, "There's nothing here." Mrs. Falcon then cried out, "There's no more Price!" The noise continued for some time, and witness thought he smelt something burning. He could not see his house, but could not find anything. He went back to bed, but did not sleep.

board a crack like fireworks. He ran out and saw Mrs. Fulton's room all ablaze. He called out, "Fire, fire," and rushed at Mr. Fulton's bedroom door. He forced it open and saw a woman in a nightgown lying on the floor. After asking a neighbour to see that Mrs. Price and the children were out of the house he returned to the first floor. He remained with the bright light of the hallway and saw a woman in a nightgown and a dead body taken from Mrs. Fulton's room.

Senior constable James Taylor said that when he was nearly burnt himself, he saw the red, black and white flames of the fire. He saw the flames appeared to be towards the head of the bed, and it was in the same position as it was at the morgue.

Mr. Taylor, a member of the Maestri fire brigade, said that he saw the flames of the fire.

the back the dead body of deceased from a room at the top of the kitchen. It was lying face downwards with the head towards the head of the bed. Sydney Clippel appeared to have conversed with the body to the morgue.

Mary Price (re-called) said that there was a noise in her house between 8.40 p.m. and 11 p.m. that night.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

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**SYDNEY WATER SUPPLY.**

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THE ROYAL COMMISSION'S REPORT.

**TO BE CONSIDERED BY THE WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.**

A special meeting of the Water and Sewerage Board was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering the report of the Royal Commission on the subject of the proposed extension of the sewerage area under the jurisdiction of the Department of Water Supply and Sewerage. The president (Mr. J. Garrard) occupied the chair. He said that he considered the subject of importance to the community at large so as to enable them to go fully into the matter. He had received a report from the engineers to the effect that some of the suggestions of the Commission were impracticable or would involve too much to go through them. The report in itself was

whole that only those who had gone through the measure of the evidence would understand it. He said that if the evidence was not made available to the public they could place themselves in possession of the whole of the evidence.

After some conversational discussion, it was decided to adjourn until next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. In the meantime, reports will be obtained from the engineer-in-chief, the superintendent engineer of the Water and Sewerage Board, and the chief clerk of the Royal Commission. The reports were contained in the report of the Royal Commission, and at the same time copies of the evidence will be obtained from the Commission.

## WHITE CROSS LEAGUE.

The committee of the Australian White Cross League and a number of gentlemen met at the Y.M.C.A. on Monday night to hear the report of Mr. R. W. High (general secretary) of the White Cross League, who had just returned from the United States. Mr. High stated that the Y.M.C.A. has taken up the work there, and the Bible and Tract Dept. will act as literature agency for the work. The Y.M.C.A. has taken up the work there, and the Bible and Tract Dept. will act as literature agency for the work. The Y.M.C.A. has taken up the work there, and the Bible and Tract Dept. will act as literature agency for the work.

for ladies. Wellington was the next place, and on the next meeting for men was encouraging. Dr Guinness then went to Wanganui, while Mr. Bligh went to Auckland. On the 10th inst. Dr Guinness and Mr. Bligh joined forces, and held three meetings for men, and two meetings for ladies. Dr. Guinness then left for Canada, and Mr. Bligh went to the Waikato district.

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**Charges of Theft and Assault.**—At the Newmarket Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Justice, S. M. James Maxwell, agent for the Crown, appeared, for the prosecution, a pair of men, valued at £500, the property of John Henry Bardsley, at Rockdale, on the

3. The accused was ordered to be imprisoned with hard labour for 14 days. He was further charged with having on the same occasion assaulted George Dunworth, who arrested him, whilst the accused was in the execution of his duty. On this charge the accused was fined £1, in default of which he was imprisoned for 14 days. The terms of imprisonment were made cumulative.

**TERSE TESTIMONY.**

—

**DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS PATENTED  
FRANCE.**

**COLLAPSE CURD.** — "I, Mary McKinnon, 401 Phillip-Islet, Balmoral, Sydney, do solemnly affirm that in 1893 I suffered from severe influenza and almost lost to death. The doctor told me I was confined to bed, utterly helpless and barely alive. For the next five years I was a victim to permanent asthenia, liver congestion, dyspepsia, and general debility. I consulted the best medical authorities, but the doctors attended me during this period, and I also had hospital treatment, without being cured. My husband from first to last spent much of his time in England, and I was left alone in the house. I was induced to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Gradually I increased in health and strength, and

when I had taken six boxes of the medicine and was  
better than I have been for years. I am now  
been healthy and happy. I do my own housework,  
and have no symptoms of my former complaint.  
SCOTCHCROFT CURED. Mr. W. J. Gardner,  
of the City of New York, writes: "I have been  
working as my work as a farmer was really interrupted  
owing to an attack of sciatica. The sciatica  
extended down the right side and leg, gradually  
increasing in severity. I was unable to walk  
leg, and I could not use it at all. The medicine  
used failed to give relief. I heard of Dr. Williams'  
Pink Pills as a cure for sciatica, and purchased  
a box. I used it as directed, and in a few days  
slightly lessened, and the contents of several boxes  
completely cured me. Now I am as healthy and

**ST. VINCE DANCE CURED.**—Miss Viola D. Dawson, 4 Willoughby-street, Milton's Point, says:—“Three years ago I began to suffer from nervous prostration, and was unable to go to school. I lost my appetite, could not sleep properly, and was almost too weak to walk. I was imagined I could see black faces wherever I looked. I was very nervous, and had a great deal of trouble and pain in my head, and in the joints of the limbs and face and other symptoms peculiar to this disease. All treatment proved useless, so, hearing that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured many cases, I purchased a box, and after taking a few, I realized my nerves considerably, and the most distressing symptoms completely cured me. Now I enjoy the

of health.  
**ABT-STEELE CURED.**—Mr. W. F. Palmer, of Abt-Steele, West Maitland, says: "For over twenty-five years I was a victim to chronic diarrhoea. I fell away to a mere skeleton, lost all confidence in my powers, and, to fainting fits, which left me helpless. Ordinary medicines and treatment were of no avail. Whist away for a chance in a patient who has been cured of diarrhoea by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and after taking each one of them I feel my head grow clearer, my appetite increased, and I gained in strength. Four boxes cured me, and I am stronger and better than I have been for thirty years."—*Abt-Steele, West Maitland, N. S. W.*  
 Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.  
 Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Queen's-place

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People  
and if the descriptions of cases are sent inquirer  
will be told free of charge whether a similar case has  
been cured by these pills or not. They are sold by  
chemists and druggists, and by the Dr. Williams'  
Medicine Co. (above address), at 94 per box, and  
boxes 1m 3d, post free. -Advt.







### Special Advertisements.

WELCOME NUGGET.

HIGHEST GRADE MADE BY T. C. WILLIAMS CO.

OBTAINABLE IN PLUGS, OR FRESHLY CUT, OF ALL TOBACCONISTS

HENNESSY'S THREE STAR BRANDY.

HENNESSY'S LABEL IS A CERTIFICATE  
ENDORSED BY THE WORLD'S  
BEST CONNOISSEURS.

THE TRULY FAMOUS

"H A V E L O C K" TOBACCO, "H A V E L O C K."

CARRINGTON HOTEL, KATOOMBA.

OWING TO PRESENT TENANT RETIRING FROM BUSINESS,  
THIS HOTEL IS FOR LEASE.

Situated in the heart of all the far-famed Blue Mountain Scenery, within two hours' rail journey of Sydney occupies such a position as to ensure a regular and increasing business.  
The Furniture throughout is of modern and suitable description.  
A liberal Lease will be given to suitable tenant.

Apply to W. F. GOYDER, Katoomba; or,  
H. THORPE,  
Grand Hotel, Sydney.

WHEN ASKING FOR

that the Wines Alliance should be passed at the next meeting.

The police have so far been unable to elucidate the mystery connected with the Five Islands tragedy.

Mr. Wragge produces further rain on and near the coast and highlands of the State.

The report of the Royal Commission upon the Nile has been considered by the Water and Sewerage Board at a meeting to be held on Tuesday next.

A progress association is being formed at Manly.

Mr. Schomburgk, who is at the Comptroller-General's Office, has been asked by the Comptroller-General to cancel the registration of every drayman who has not complied with the board's instructions regarding the condition of their drains.

Major Watson and Captain T. W. C. Reddell have been asked to accompany Sir Edmund B. St. George Clarke.

At an inquest held on the body of Mr. Martha Fulton, who was fatally burned at Manly yesterday afternoon, the jury returned a verdict of death.

One of the proposed pavilions at Prince Alfred Hospital is to be built by contract and the other by day labour, the work being regarded as a test of the efficiency of the two systems.

Mr. O'Sullivan has decided to advise the Cabinet to provide about £200,000 a year for water conservation purposes.

The Minister for Lands commenced his tour of the West coast and N.M. deeply impressed by the necessity for water conservation.

In the Senate yesterday the Customs Tariff Bill was further debated.

Mr. See opened a new library at the Gracien Park School, Manly, at the local school, a new wing at the hospital, and the Cathedral fair.

The latest news from the islands is of a rather sensational character. The Loyalty Islands have been visited by cyclones and earthquakes, and several vessels have been wrecked.

The members of the House of Representatives who are about to inspect the suggested federal capital sites are due to arrive at Orange this morning.

The President of the N.S.W. Alexandra Yacht Club, the patient was a Chinaman.

A meeting under the auspices of the unemployed citizens' organising committee was held at the Sydney City Hall last night, when it was decided to urge upon the Government the necessity of solving the unemployed problem.

A collision occurred in the harbour last night between the tugboat "Hector" and a motor launch and a horse ferry boat. The naval masts were lost.

The annual session of the Presbyterian General Assembly of New South Wales was opened yesterday, when the Moderator delivered his address.

Additional cases of the fever have been reported at Brisbane. Four fresh cases have been reported, one patient being a medical man.

The annual meeting of the Sydney City Mission Society was held last night, when it was reported that the revenue fell short of the expenditure.

of the situation, at any rate as it exists in Australia. This is fixed by the answers to two questions. Can we respond with an offer of our proportionate share—say five millions in the cost of Imperial defence? Are we ready to consider that we sacrifice that Canada has done, when as the price of a preferential tariff she has lost the benefit of the favoured national treaty of Germany? As to this latter it should be remembered that our competitor, the Argentine Republic, is always ready to sacrifice her tariff in return for a balance of trade in our pastoral exports. Since we cannot answer these questions affirmatively we are compelled to admit that the time is not yet ripe for even such an installment of Imperial federation as the two proposals immediately suggest for our consideration. But we are not prepared to suggest to our delegate to the Imperial Conference beforehand in such a fashion as to leave him no latitude as our representative. As the federal Prime Minister Mr. Barton is either entitled to represent us or he is not. In the latter event other consequences, of strictly political character, will follow.

They have not yet occurred, and Mr. Barton has represented Australia in conference with the Imperial authorities with honour and distinction before. We as federalists cannot be unmindful of his signal services when the Constitution Bill was before the Crown Law Committee. It is not surprising that we have serious fear that Mr. Barton will take any action calculated to commit the Commonwealth further than it is prepared to go, and even if anything of the kind were possible Parliament would know how to deal with such a situation. But the Prime Minister has no reason to be alarmed. He had the effect of reassuring the country on this point. In his opinion the time has not come for many things which might otherwise be absolutely desirable. We and our public men have to see to it that our political movements that public opinion is prepared for. But in our estimation when the time comes, but in the meantime we must move carefully. We have to remember that Australia is about to be represented for the first time as a whole at an Imperial Conference, and we have the advice of our representative at that Conference to be that no step should be taken which cannot be reviewed by a free Parliament.

and not only the shipping world, but the governing class of Great Britain is anxiously revolving the new problems raised by the formation of this trust. The American Tobacco Trust has been formed by the combination of the British manufacturers, and one result of this conflict may be a call for better laws from within the Empire should the transatlantic trust control the sources of supply in America. Another huge organisation, but of more recent date, is the Beef Trust of Chicago. It is feared that this trust will be a menace all over the United States is credited by an English statesman with no smaller design than to capture Smithfield. Here again may be Australia's opportunity, would certainly be if only this cruel drought were a thing of the past. And to complete the catalogue of trusts, the United States Government has arrayed against it a combination of the ironmasters of Germany.

For though England by her freetrade policy, her wealth, and the market she offers to the world, is the first object of the fierce competition of the American combination, she is not the only one. The Government of Europe clearly contemplate their enemy in the same quarter. For American Europe fights desperately by Customs duties and Government restrictions against the inroad of the manufacturers and the foodstuffs of the new world. Though the people may clamour for protection, the Government of Europe has to consent for the change would create an agrarian revolution. But America is not disposed to be kept out of Europe. The already use her tariff for reprisals : she inclines to reciprocal arrangements for her commercial relations, and builds a navy to overawe the world.

What is the result? We are told that the whole trend of American policy has nowhere closer and more anxious observers than in the ranks of the Governments of Continental Europe. It is early days even to review the forces in this immense and transforming commercial warfare of the world.

It is not only in life, but in death for Germany. All the producing countries and all the consuming ones are involved, in exact ratio to their share in the world's commerce, and a conflict of interests on that scale has never yet been witnessed. We are in the maelstrom, and before it we shall be fixed in a trust office in New York city there must pass many a year of relentless competition—to be

of applications from persons who are unable to show that they are possessed of the necessary £100,000 by the Cops Foreman, it will be very much reduced.

Return of the Flagship.—H.M.S. *Royal Arthur*, after an absence from Sydney of five months, returned yesterday and anchored in Fane Bay. The ship was accompanied by the *Albatross*, No. 3, accompanied by H.M.S. *Wallaroo*, *Milbourne*, and *Phoebe*, and called first at Melbourne, where H.M.S. *Fylgja* was met, and then at Sydney, where Hobart and visits were subsequently made to Portland, Portland, Williamson, *Albatross*, *Brund*, *Ten Van Bay*, *Akaroa*, *Lyttelton*, *Wellington*, *San Francisco*, *San Pedro de Macoris*, and Auckland. The flagship at different times during her five months' cruise was attended by the crews of the other ships. An Australian statesman, formerly in command of the *Albatross*, was on board. While at Sydney the flagship was at Hobart the fleet consisted of ten of the warships. The cruise was an uneventful one, and the ships returned to Sydney on the 10th of May. The only death among the ship's company was that of Theodore Hayward, the Admiral's steward. The Royal Arthur left Auckland for Sydney on the 10th of May, and encountered dry weather for the first two days out. The vessel rolled heavily and shipped a few tons of cargo, but the crew were not inconvenienced very unpleasant. Shortly after the *Royal Arthur* anchored near-Admiral Sir Lewis Bessant left for Admiralty House. The flagship will return to Sydney on the 15th of May.

A Prolonged Trial.—After a hearing extending over 35 days the action *Wadey v. Mott's Dock and Engineering Company, Limited*, came to a conclusion yesterday in the No. 1 Jury Court, at 11 o'clock. The case was heard by Mr. Justice, though it was commenced before Mr. Acting Justice Pring and a jury of 12, an attack on the plaintiff's case was made by the defendant's counsel to proceed with the old trial. The plaintiff claimed £48,000 damages for the cancellation, wrongfully as he alleged, of his contract with the defendant for the construction of a graving dock at Woolwich. It was admitted that the manager of the company, by the terms of the contract, had absolute power to cancel the contract, but the plaintiff claimed compensation, retention money, and plant if he was dismissed with the mode of procedure by the company. The defendant's counsel, however, contended that the contract was cancelled and the contract and plaintiff contended that his inability to carry on the contract according to the terms and conditions of the contract was the cause of the cancellation of the site at the proper time. Defendants, however, denied this, and asserted that the plaintiff had not been given the time to enable him to fulfil his contract within the stipulated period, and that his failure to satisfy the manager in regard to the rate of progress was the cause of the cancellation of the contract. There were four or five models of the dock in court, showing various stages of its progress, the

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OBITUARY NOTICES.  
Judge Howling—W. D. McIntyre.

TWED HEADS.  
ON THE NORTHERN BOUNDARY OF NEW  
SOUTH WALES.  
BIG LARGE VIEWS.  
By the Mail's Travelling Photographer.

PROPOSED ROUTE FOR A TRAMWAY TO  
THE FIELD OF MARE.

OPENING OF THE MARSHALL FIELD SALES.  
—  
PYRMONT BRIDGES—THE OLD AND  
THE NEW.  
Three interesting pictures.

SEIKINER MEMORIAL CANDELABRA,  
recently placed in St. Thomas' Church, North Sydney.

RE-FORMING THE OLD WINDSOR-ROAD AT  
RICHMOND.

DEPARTURE OF NEW SOUTH WALES AND  
QUEENSLAND DETACHMENTS OF THE  
CORPORATION CORPS.

Mr. THURPOT MORGAN,  
the Millionaire who has formed the Great Sheepskin  
Combine.

Miss FANNY BAUER,  
an Australian Singer, who is about to study in Europe.

GROTT TAKEN AT THE UNIVERSITY TERRACE  
GARDENS.

PRISE SHEEP AT THE WELLINGTON AND  
DUBBO SHOWS.

THE BARBODT, BUTLER, NICHOL, and EWEIN  
PICNIC AT CARABITA.  
Large and small groups.

SHEARERS' ACCOMMODATION UNDER THE NEW  
ACT.

PRICE, SIXPENCE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1902.

A sale of pictures at Christie's, London, realised £20,000. A landscape by Hobbema was sold for 9200 guineas, and a portrait by Raaburn for 6500 guineas.

The crews of German sailing vessels are arranging a gigantic combustion to resist the American invasion.

Princess Beatrice Massimo, third daughter of Don Carlos, Duke of Madrid, has attempted to commit suicide by jumping into the Tiber.

The flying column under Colonel Swynn has successfully raided the Eastern Somali tribes and captured much stock.

Good coal has been discovered at Roosterie and Alva Hazen, in the Kooradai.

President Roosevelt, in an address at Annapolis, said that wrongdoers in the Philippines would be punished, but the flag would remain. He declared that the navy was more prepared for the safety of the Republic than any other force.

The newspapers state that the speech contains sub-conscious notes of possible war, though they are unaware of the threatening direction.

Mr. Long, retiring Secretary to the U. S. Navy, is held in great esteem, and his naval programme was insufficient, though it would keep the United States up to the standard of Germany.

The condition of Queen Wilhelmina is satisfactory.

The New York correspondent of the "Standard" denies the report that Mr. Morgan has purchased the White Star Company's Australian steamer.

It is reported that the Navigation Syndicate will complete in the Pacific trade.

A British syndicate is being formed to co-operate with companies outside the Navigation Syndicate or

special Conference before we can instruct our delegate as to what he is to do there. "Any attempt to lay down hard-and-fast rules of action, before even hearing the first note of argument in this conference," Mr. Barton said in Melbourne, "would be a fatal mistake." "I am sure that," "would have been to approach it not in a spirit of conference, but in a spirit of estrangement." But though we ought to refrain from explicitly directing our representative as to what he is to do, there is no harm in offering a strong indication of what the Commonwealth desires its spokesman not to do. Looking down the list of subjects proposed for discussion, we are greatly struck by the representation of British and Great Britain on an historic occasion and at a time when the proceedings of such a conference must have more than ordinary significance, it will be at once apparent that some of them cover important issues in the present and in the future. It must be born in mind that British colonial policy is re-shaping, or at least adapting, itself just now. Mr Chamberlain claims to have discovered "the Chamberlain" to the world, and it is happen that the birth of this Commonwealth and the reconstruction of the map of South Africa occur during his Ministerial term. We are already enabled to gather that it will be part of the policy of the new reign to bring the overseas dominions forward, and encourage them to take an interest in Imperial affairs. We made an unwelcome claim to that consideration when

portfolios either unsafe or undesirable, the Premier last week received a notification from all his colleagues except Mr. Trenwith of their joint resignation. The document took the Premier by surprise, and he immediately placed it before the Cabinet. It was clear that the majority of his colleagues in that position, the shock comes as a surprise indeed. The circumstances, when known did not diminish the element of the curious in the affair. Some six months ago, it appears, a joint resignation to date from May 1 was prepared at Mr. McCollooh's instance to allow Mr. Peacock a free hand if he felt inclined to form a coalition Ministry. It remained in Mr. McCollooh's hands until his departure for England. The document was then forwarded to Mr. Arthur Wynne, the Solicitor-General, who appears to have sent it on when its date arrived without consulting his colleague. Mr. Peacock declared himself mystified. He seems in no way inclined to change the members of his Ministerial team, and so far as the reports of the Cabinet meetings enable us to judge, none of his colleagues seem to insist on their withdrawal. It was whispered, indeed, that the resuscitation of the document was dictated by an attempt to get rid of a certain Minister. But in the meantime Mr. Peacock has cut the Gordian knot of an unusual Ministerial difficulty by coldly declining to take any notice of his colleagues' resignation.

**Old Marlborough Students.**—A meeting of Old Marlburians was held at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon to arrange for holding a dinner. The Archbishop of Sydney presided, and there were about a dozen gentlemen present who had been educated at the college. A committee was elected, the Archbishop as president, and Messrs J. M. Harvey, D. Lloyd, and A. H. B. Jones as members. The object of the arrangements. It was stated that it was the intention of those present to make the function an annual affair. It was pointed out that Sir Harry Danks, who was a student at the college, was now Lord Tennyson, the Governor of South Australia.

**Stamp Duty.**—Stamp duty to the amount of £10,595.14 has been paid on the New South Wales portion of the estate of the late H. Rickards, Esq., of Sydney. The late Mr. Rickards was a student at the college, and the New South Wales estate was sworn to at under £105,597.

The Minister for Works and a Parliamentary party have been to down night for Wyalah where Mr. O'Sullivan will turn the first sod of the Tennyson to Wyalah railway. They will return to Sydney to-morrow.

The members of the Water and Sewerage Board have made arrangements to pay the annual visit of the Sydney Waterworks to the Wyalah works on Monday morning for the purpose of inspecting the various works and the machinery supplied. The waterworks connected with the works on the visit the weekly meeting of the board will be held at 9.15 a.m.

Monday night, and the members of the Municipal Council are invited to seek the co-operation of the Leichhardt, Glades, and Petersham councils in a similar visit to the Wyalah works. The object of the purpose of asking that additional team accommodation should be provided during the busy hours of the day.

A meeting of the J. W. B. Clarke technical committee is called for this evening at Mr Evans'

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**NEW MELBOURNE OFFICE**  
OF  
**THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD**  
AND  
**SYDNEY MAIL,**  
THE EXCHANGE,  
200 COLLINS-STREET,  
MELBOURNE.

Mr. H. CASHW REYNELL is Charge.

**DR. JOHN MARSH** has REMOVED to 129 Mile-  
street, two doors from Liverpool-st. Tel. 108.  
**M. A. WATSON MURDO** has REMOVED to 127 Mac-  
quarrie-st. next the Public Library.

to build steamers to replace those purchased for it.  
The British Imperial Tobacco Company threatens  
to open factories in the United States.  
A promising goldfield has been discovered in the  
Venezuela and Utrecht districts of the Guayana.  
The Queen Victoria Memorial Fund in England  
totals £150,000.  
In the opening match of their tour against London  
County Cricket Club, the Australians scored 117 in  
their first innings, and four of the Englishmen were  
dismissed for 54. The wicket was sodden.  
The House of Commons is holding a protracted  
debate on the Education Bill.  
The Irish Nationalists have decided to support the  
measure.  
Further disturbances by peasants are reported from

We look part of the new war, and are proud to be the first to take up the banner of the new order of things, now further acknowledged in the style and title of the reigning monarch who is to be crowned in June.

But it is one thing to declare our national tendency and have it formally and even flatteringly recognised, and quite another thing to be prepared to accept it with its responsibilities. Mr. Barton told his hearers that when we were to take up the banner, we must be prepared to bear the burden of Imperial defence, a new tax of something like five millions would have to be levied. Is the Commonwealth prepared to consent to this? This is not a question of loyalty, but of financial practicality.

Is the Commonwealth prepared to do the best thing possible for the future of Australia. We are handicapped by our distance and the cost of passage hither, and by the rather melancholy pictures of our country which its conductors have been too ready to present of the old world than the truer notions which we on the spot are able to form. The efforts of those who have identified with the cause of labour have tended uniformly to restrict not only State-aided immigration, but immigration of any kind.

We need only remark in passing as evidence of this tendency the jealousy evinced at any suggestion of the possibility of a more serious case in the case of foreigners. The mention of Italian or Scandinavian labour for

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TO-DAY'S PAPER.			
NEWS.			
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Inter-state News	10	U.S. Cabinet at Fre	10
Law and Police	10	U.S. Cabinet at Fre	10
Law and Police	10	U.S. Cabinet at Fre	10
Law and Police	10	U.S. Cabinet at Fre	10

bility. We have to deal with facts, while neglecting no fair opportunity of fostering the true racial sentiment. And if when the proposition is thus put before us in plain figures it is not possible to see that it is not to us that we enter blindly into no contest which may entail the same or otherwise undesirable consequences. Thus we find that among the subjects suggested by the Colonial Office for discussion at the Conference there appear this matter of Imperial defence, and two others relating to the political relations between the mother country and the colonies and commercial relations, the latter comprising the subject of the proposed suspension of the tariff "privileges" in view of some degree of be-

Queensland, of Russian agriculturists, of Austrian gum-diggers in New Zealand, of Italian labourers in Western Australia, has sufficed to rouse a spirit of antagonism in all parts of Australia. These causes have brought about in a large measure the adoption of the tariff as a means of the birth-race which are among the most serious sociological features in these States.

It is time that it was recognised, and most of all among the industrial and labouring population, that the conditions which have been set up in checking the immigration of the desirable and useful people to Australia are in themselves checks to our prosperity and pro-

senary, the bridge of the Field of Mars tramway, Pyramont bridge (old and new), the Skinner street bridge, the bridge over the Darling river at Sydney; prize sleep at Wellington and Dubbo, shippers' accommodation, &c. Portraits include those of Miss Fanny Bauer, for whom a benevolent fund has been established; the engine of the shipping combine; the late Judge Downing; and the late Mr. McIntyre, M.L.A.

The King's Birthday.—The following is a copy of a telegraphic despatch received by the Lieutenant-Governor from His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales, dated 1st June, 1898:—"The following telegram has been received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies: 'The King's Birthday this year will be celebrated on November 10th. I have ascertained

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coming quite misleading in the circumstances of the Canadian Dominion and this Commonwealth. The trading and political relations of a colony in the cold sense of the word with its motherland are hardly such as the intelligent foreigner would find existing between Australia and England. We have had fifty constructive and resistant, and yet entirely responsible government, and custom, has formed in that time, and a point of view has been acquired. Both have to be taken into account in any discussion of Imperial relationships involving constitutional change or expenditure, and we are forcibly reminded of this when

that this means that leaves, birthday dinners, etc., are to be held on November 10.

State Executive—Mr. Sutor, Vice-President of the Kiwanis Club, is meeting with the State Executive Committee yesterday morning. Owing to the absence of the Premier, however, and several other Ministers, only routine matters were discussed.

A Testimonial Circular.—With regard to a circular which has been issued to the road maintenance men of New South Wales seeking contributions to a testimonial to Mr. E. W. O'Sullivan and to another member of Parliament for their efforts in establishing a week's holiday on full pay for these men, the Minister for Works desires to say that it has been issued without his authority, and that he will decline to accept, any portion of the cost.

A social club, of which Mr. D. W. Custer is the hon. secretary, has been formed in Masly, and has arranged for a series of social dances.

The R.A.A. Band will perform in the Trossi Domain this afternoon.

Shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the residence of Mr. J. Walters, No. 38 Glebe-street, Glebe. The local fire brigade was called out, but the flames were extinguished before much damage had been done.

**TO-DAY.**

Kew-Long Race: First Heat, 5.15 p.m.  
Musical Entertainment: Queen's Hall, 8.15 p.m.  
Newbury-Spade Company: Central Hall, 8.15 p.m.  
Musical Entertainment: 1. Post Office Hall, 8.15 p.m.

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Imperial representation is talked of, and the plied representation of the West Indian and the ancillary in the shape of Imperial taxation. Then we have Mr. Seldon's suggestion regarding the preferential tariff as a subject for discussion at the Conference, and the Commonwealth's desire for further light on the question as to the loss of "most favoured nation" treatment if preference is given to British manufactures at our customs barriers. As to the matters of defence and Imperial councils, both are frankly raised by Mr. Seldon's suggestions that the Conference should talk about raising an army reserve in the colonies, and that the opinions of delegates

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**LAKE MACQUARIE**—**ARRIVE**: May 6, 10 a.m. for Sydney.  
 Depart and Leave: Sydney, 10 a.m.  
**CATHERINE HILL, NAY.**—**Departure**: May 6.  
 Helen Wood, 2, and Anne Hamilton, schoolmate, at 12.30  
 p.m. for Sydney. **Arrive**: May 6, Woy Woy, 2, at  
 11.30 a.m. **Departure**: Lion Sound, morning. Ann  
 Hamilton, sister, Helen Wood, 12.30 a.m.  
**WOLLOMBONG.**—**Arrive**: May 6, Northam Hotel,

**BRIDGES AND HATFIELD, BRIDGES-GARDNER RECEPTION.**  
 210 Chesham-road, Woy Woy. **Arrive** of the game  
 birds. **Arrival**: Sydney, 10 a.m. **Departure**, 10.30  
 a.m.  
**JOHN'S EMERSONIZATION** is the best remedy for Colds,  
 Croup, Whooping Cough, and Influenza.  
**DR. EDWARD BRADLEY, Dentist, 101, Elizabeth-st.,**  
**WOLLOMBONG.**

Larger and More Convenient Premises  
in CHEAPSIDE.

The Full Address is 40 KING-STREET  
CHEAPSIDE, LONDON, E.C.

with Room.

The Osceola Vine and Fruitgrowers' Association  
is asking that the scales on spirit used for fertilizing

GRIFFITHS BROTHERS' Cocoa and Chocolate  
Guaranteed pure. 555 Co. St., op. Town Hall. - Advt.

should be taken as to the future government of South Africa.

The mere mention of some of these subjects is sufficient to show that the scope of the Council of the League is not confined to the calculation of any contemporary. For example, the maritime supremacy of England, heretofore the mistress of the seas, is at stake in the success of the combine organized by Mr.

difficulty which may be involved, and the matter generally is under Ministerial consideration.

Permits for South Africa.—The total number of permits to South Africa issued to date from

7.45 p.m.  
Lewins Theatre : " In Sight of St. Paul's," 8 p.m.  
Trevi Theatre : Van derbilt Company, L.S. and S.P.  
Empire Theatre : " The Alhambra Girl," 8 p.m.  
Coliseum Theatre : " The Gates of Hell," 8 p.m.



**CONCLUSIONS**

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year. English malt sold in small lots at 8s, Victorian at 6s, Tasmanian at 1s 1d to 1s 3d, Californian at 1s 2d to 1s 3d, and Kent at 1s 5d to 1s 6d.

Jute Goods.—The market was quiet. Twenty-five bags of cornsacks sold at 4s 6d. A good parcel

added premiums than to hold them for the advantages of note issues. The new Secretary of the Treasury in this state of affairs has deter-

...market, have been sold lower than the Sydney rate, had been put up by that amount, the market would have been better.

Return of produce received at Sydney. Citrus, Ham-burgh, Burwood, Ashfield, and other districts. 1000 cases of apples, 1000 cases of pears, 1000 cases of oranges, 1000 cases of lemons, 1000 cases of limes, 1000 cases of guavas, 1000 cases of pineapples, 1000 cases of mangoes, 1000 cases of papayas, 1000 cases of avocados, 1000 cases of kiwifruit, 1000 cases of strawberries, 1000 cases of raspberries, 1000 cases of blueberries, 1000 cases of blackberries, 1000 cases of currants, 1000 cases of cherries, 1000 cases of plums, 1000 cases of peaches, 1000 cases of nectarines, 1000 cases of apricots, 1000 cases of pomegranates, 1000 cases of figs, 1000 cases of dates, 1000 cases of raisins, 1000 cases of prunes, 1000 cases of almonds, 1000 cases of walnuts, 1000 cases of hazelnuts, 1000 cases of chestnuts, 1000 cases of pineapples, 1000 cases of mangoes, 1000 cases of papayas, 1000 cases of avocados, 1000 cases of kiwifruit, 1000 cases of strawberries, 1000 cases of raspberries, 1000 cases of blueberries, 1000 cases of blackberries, 1000 cases of currants, 1000 cases of cherries, 1000 cases of plums, 1000 cases of peaches, 1000 cases of nectarines, 1000 cases of apricots, 1000 cases of pomegranates, 1000 cases of figs, 1000 cases of dates, 1000 cases of raisins, 1000 cases of prunes, 1000 cases of almonds, 1000 cases of walnuts, 1000 cases of hazelnuts, 1000 cases of chestnuts.

The imports and exports of butter, wheat, and flour for the part of Sydney during the week ended May 6 and 7 follow:

Imports.	Exports.
Butter, 551 tons 10 cwt 10 lbs, shows 175 tons; average 175 tons 10 cwt 10 lbs.	Wheat, 50,424 lbs. Wheat, 444 tons 10 cwt 10 lbs.
Wheat, 50,424 lbs. Wheat, 444 tons 10 cwt 10 lbs.	Flour, 10,000 cwt. Flour, 10,000 cwt.

The Customs revenue received at Sydney during the week ended 5th May was £23,444, as follows:—

Imports, £23,444, as follows:—
Wine, 1000 cases, and cognac, 1000 cases; sugar and molasses, 1000 cases; tea, 1000 cases; coffee, 1000 cases; tobacco, 1000 cases; 444 tons of wheat, 1000 cases of flour, 1000 cases of rice, 1000 cases of oil, 1000 cases of sugar, 1000 cases of fruit, 1000 cases of vegetables, 1000 cases of other goods.

Exports, £23,444, as follows:—

Exports, £23,444, as follows:—
Wheat, 444 tons 10 cwt 10 lbs, 1000 cases of flour, 1000 cases of rice, 1000 cases of oil, 1000 cases of sugar, 1000 cases of fruit, 1000 cases of vegetables, 1000 cases of other goods.

EXPORT MARKET.

Wool Receipts.—At Darling Harbour to-day 25 bales of wool were manifested to arrive by rail.

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**FOR LADIES**  
**FOR EVERY FEET**  
**FOR MEN**  
**SUNLIGHT OIL CAKE.**  
**BEST FOOD FOR ALL STOCK AND POULTRY.**  
**FOR LADIES**  
**FOR EVERY FEET**  
**FOR MEN**  
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